

09/08/00  
jc932 U.S. PTO

09-11-00

A

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO.  
064731.0178

PATENT APPLICATION

1

APPLICATION FOR U.S. PATENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)  
TRANSMITTAL FORM

jc836 U.S. PTO  
09/658165  
09/08/00

Box Patent Application  
ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventor or Application Identifier:  
Rajan, et al.

Entitled: PROTECTION METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR EQUIPMENT IN A  
NETWORK ELEMENT

Enclosed are:

- ☒ Specification ( 25 Total Pages)  
☒ Drawing(s) ( 4 Total Sheet(s) of ☒ Formal ☐ Informal)  
☒ Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney  
    ☐ Newly Executed (original or copy)  
    ☐ Copy from a prior application  
        (for continuation/divisional only)

☐ An Assignment of the invention to \_\_\_\_\_, is attached.

A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 3.28 and § 3.31 is included  
with an Assignment recordal fee of \$\_\_\_\_\_ pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.21(h).

☒ Certificate of Mailing

☒ Return Receipt Postcard

Applicant is:

- ☒ Large Entity  
☐ Small Entity  
    ☐ Small Entity Statement enclosed  
    ☐ Small Entity Statement filed in prior application.  
        Status still proper and desired.

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO.  
064731.0178

PATENT APPLICATION

2

The accompanying application is:

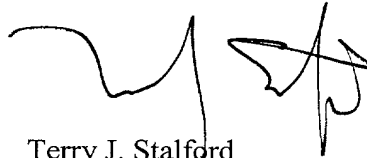
☒ Original.

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-In-Part (CIP)  
of prior application No. \_\_\_\_\_ which is hereby incorporated by reference  
therein.

FEE CALCULATION					FEE
	Number		Number Extra	Rate	Basic Fee
					\$ 690.00
Total Claims:	27	-20 =	7	X \$18 =	\$ 126.00
Independent Claims	5	- 3 =	2	X \$78 =	\$ 156.00
TOTAL FILING FEE =					\$ 972.00

☒ Please charge this fee or any additional fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit  
Account No. 02-0384 of BAKER BOTTS L.L.P. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

Respectfully submitted,  
BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.  
Attorneys for Applicant



Terry J. Stalford  
Reg. No. 39,522  
September 8, 2000

Correspondence Address:  
Terry J. Stalford, Esq.  
Baker Botts L.L.P.  
2001 Ross Avenue  
Dallas, Texas 75201-2980  
Tel. 214.953.6477  
Fax. 214.661.4477

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: RAJAN, et al.  
Date Filed: September 8, 2000  
Title: PROTECTION METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR  
EQUIPMENT IN A NETWORK ELEMENT

**BOX PATENT APPLICATION**

Honorable Assistant Commissioner  
For Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL

I hereby certify that the attached Application Transmittal Form, Patent Application, unexecuted Declaration and Power of Attorney, four (4) sheets of Formal Drawings, a firm check in the amount of \$972.00 to cover the application filing fee, and this Certificate of Mailing are being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 C.F.R. § 1.10 on this 8th day of September, 2000 and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Willie Jiles

Express Mail Receipt  
No. EL501048666US  
Attorney's Docket: 064731.0178  
\_\_\_\_\_

PROTECTION METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR  
EQUIPMENT IN A NETWORK ELEMENT

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to the field of telecommunications networks, and more particularly, to a protection method and system for equipment in a network  
5 element.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Telecommunications networks transmit voice and other data between end users. The networks include switch and management nodes for processing and routing traffic in the network and links between the nodes for carrying the traffic. The links are circuit switched or packet switched wireline links, wireless links, or a combination of link types. End users communicate data over telephones, computers, personal digital assistants (PDA) and other similar devices.

Telecommunication nodes include redundant equipment and are connected to redundant to provide fault tolerance and allow continued operation in the event of equipment or link failure. Typically, each transmission link as well as line or switch cards of the nodes are backed up by corresponding links and cards to ensure that all traffic is protected at all parts of the network. This 1+1 protection, however, is expensive to maintain as fully half of the networks capacity is maintained in reserved for protection switching and is not used during normal operation of the network.

To increase network efficiency, 1:N protection architectures have been developed and deployed in telecommunications nodes. In this architecture, a number (N) of cards or other items are protected by a single item. Thus full protection is provided for any single failure. Multiple concurrent failures, however, cannot be completely protected. In the event of multiple concurrent failures, equipment is typically protected based on a failure request priority. Within the priorities, equipment is protected on a first failed basis, which can lead to less important equipment being

protected at the expense of later failing, more important  
equipment.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a protection method and system for equipment in a network element of a telecommunications network that significantly reduce or eliminate elements problems and disadvantages associated with previous systems and methods. In particular, the present invention prioritizes protection for failed equipment based on both protection request type and failed equipment type.

10 In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, a method and system for providing protection switching for equipment in a network element includes receiving a protection request for an equipment item. A priority of the request and a priority of the equipment  
15 item is evaluated relative to all other outstanding protection requests for other equipment items in a protection group with the equipment item. A highest priority protection request for a highest priority equipment item is performed.

20 More specifically, in accordance with a particular embodiment of the present invention, the equipment items in the protection group comprise line interface cards. The line interface cards may each comprise a plurality of DS-1 or other single user connections. The protection  
25 request may be an activation request or a deactivation request for an equipment item.

Technical advantages of the present invention include providing an improved method and system for protecting equipment in a network element. In a  
30 particular embodiment, a plurality of equipment items are protected by a single item with protection priority being provided based on protection request type and failed equipment type. Accordingly, during multiple concurrent

failures of equipment, the most important equipment item at the highest protection request level is protected. This improves network performance and provides for a more deterministic network that can be more fully controlled  
5 by network operators.

Another technical advantage of one or more embodiments of the present invention includes providing greater protection switching granularity. In particular, protection switching is provided for DS-1 and/or other  
10 cards supporting single connections on an 1:N basis. Thus, low level elements may be partially protected in a network element while higher level elements are fully protected. This allows the majority of traffic to be fully protected while limited protection is provided for  
15 individual flows on an efficient basis.

Other technical advantages of the present invention will be readily apparent to one skilled in the art from the following figures, description, and claims.



BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a more complete understanding of the present invention and its advantages, reference is now made to the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein like reference numerals  
5 represent like parts, in which:

FIGURE 1 is a block diagram illustrating a network element for a telecommunications system in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention;

10 FIGURE 2 is a block diagram illustrating details of the finite state machine of FIGURE 1 in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 3 is a block diagram illustrating details of the state table of FIGURE 1 in accordance with one  
15 embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURES 4 is a functional diagram illustrating input and output of the finite state machine of FIGURE 1 in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 5 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for  
20 processing protection request in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention; and

FIGURE 6 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for evaluating protection request for the method of FIGURE 5 based on protection request type and equipment type in  
25 accordance with one embodiment with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

FIGURE 1 illustrates a network element 10 for a telecommunications network in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The telecommunications network transmits voice, data, or other suitable types of information, and/or a combination of types of information between end users. The telecommunications network may include a public network such as the Internet and the public switched telephone network (PSTN) as well as private networks such as wide area networks (WAN) and local area networks (LAN).

The telecommunications network includes a plurality of network elements interconnected by transmission links. The network elements may comprise a switch, router, add/drop multiplexer, access device or other suitable device capable of directing traffic in the telecommunications network. The transmission links provide the physical interface between the network elements. The physical interfaces are defined by bandwidth of the connecting transmission links which may be DS-1 lines, DS-3 lines, OC-3 lines, OC-12 lines or other suitable bandwidths. Transmission links may comprise optical fiber, cable, twisted wire, or other suitable wireline or wireless links capable of transporting traffic between network elements.

Referring to FIGURE 1, the network element 10 is illustrated as a add/drop multiplexer 12 including a service complex 20, a transport complex 22, a switch complex 24, a management complex 26, and a synchronization complex 28. The complexes 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 are interconnected by one or more buses or backplanes in the add/drop multiplexer 12.

The service complex 20 includes a plurality of 1:N protection groups 30 each defining a set of working tributary cards 32 and a corresponding protect card 34. In a particular embodiment, the 1:N protection group 30 includes six (6) tributary card and a single protect card 34. It will be understood that the number of working tributary cards 32 in the protection group 30 and the number of protect cards may be suitably varied without departing from the scope of the present invention. The protect card 34 is able to protect any one of the working tributary cards 32 in the protection group 30. Thus, the protect card 34 is able to protect each of the working tributary cards 32 and to fully protect any single failure of the cards 32.

The working tributary cards 32 each receive customer input/output (I/O) and perform conversions necessary for processing by the switch complex 24. In one embodiment, each tributary card 34 is a DS-1 card and receives a plurality of DS-1 connections 36. It will be understood that the protection groups 30 may comprise a set of other suitable equipment items and/or the tributary cards 32 may receive other suitable types of single user connections and/or other suitable types of aggregated traffic connections and/or a combination of connection types.

The transport complex 22 includes a plurality of 1+1 protection groups 40. Each protection group 40 includes a working line card 42 and a protection line card 44. Thus, the high capacity line cards 42 are fully protected. In a particular embodiment, the line cards 42 and 44 are OC-3 or OC-12 line cards 42 that are bi-directional and perform optical to electrical (O/E) and electrical to optical (E/O) conversions. In this

embodiment, the line cards 42 and 44 also perform overhead construction and insertion.

The switch complex 24 comprises one or more switch fabrics for switching traffic between the service complex  
5 20 and the transport complex 22 and between the cards within the service and transport complexes 20 and 22. In a particular embodiment, the switch complex 24 includes synchronous optical network (SONET) and asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) switch fabrics.

10 The management complex 26 monitors and controls the status of the service, transport, switch and synchronization complexes 20, 22, 24 and 28. The management complex 26 also provides network management functions, controls protection switching, and maintains  
15 provision databases for the add/drop multiplexer 12. The synchronization complex 28 synchronizes the service, transport, switch and management complexes 20, 22, 24 and 26 by providing a stable traceable reference clock.

In one embodiment, the management complex 26  
20 includes a user interface 50 and a protection controller 52. The user interface 50 communicates with network operators to allow local and remote control and provisioning of the add/drop multiplexer 12 by the network operator and to respond to queries for  
25 information about the status of the add/drop multiplexer 12. In a particular embodiment, the user interface 50 translates requests received from a network management station (NMS) to a native format of the add/drop multiplexer 12 and forwards the requests to the  
30 appropriate complex and/or controller for processing. In this embodiment, the user interface 50 also converts responses and/or messages from the add/drop multiplexer

12 to the native language of the NMS for reporting to the network operator.

The protection controller 52 receives and processes protection requests from the network operator received  
5 through the user interface 50 and from the hardware including the service, transport and switch complexes 20, 22 and 24. In response to failure of an equipment item, the protection activation request is automatically generated locally within a complex and forwarded to the  
10 protection controller 52, an alarm forwarded to the protection controller 52 for automatic generation of the protection requests or otherwise suitably generated based on the state of the hardware. Protection requests comprise activation requests for activation of protected  
15 equipment in case of failed or out of service working equipment or deactivation requests for deactivation of protection equipment in response to return to service of working equipment.

In one embodiment, the protection controller 52  
20 includes a plurality of protection group managers 54. Each protection group manager 54 controls protection requests for a corresponding protection group 30 and/or 40 on the service and transport complexes 20 and 22. The protection group managers 54 each include a finite state  
25 machine 60 and a state memory 62. As used herein, the term each means everyone of at least a subset of the identified items. The finite state machine 60 controls activation of protection request for protection switching based on the state of cards 32 and 34 in the protection  
30 group 30 and/or the state of cards 42 and 44 in protection group 44. The state memory 62 stores the state of cards 32 and 34 in the protection group 30

and/or the state of cards 42 and 44 in the protection group 40.

The complexes, cards, protection controller 52 and other elements and equipment of the add/drop multiplexer 12 comprise logic stored as software encoded on a computer-readable medium for execution by a general purpose processor or logic stored as instructions in an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), field programmable gate array (FPGA) or other suitable medium, which may comprise one or more media devices and types. It will be understood that the protection controller 52 may be implemented entirely on the management complex 26 or its functionality distributed within the add/drop multiplexer 12.

FIGURE 2 illustrates details of the tributary cards 32 the finite state machine 60 for 1:N protection of the tributary cards 32 in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, the finite state machine 60 includes rules 80 specifying the priority of requests and the priority of cards or other suitable equipment items to be protected in the protection group 30. Thus, the finite state machine 60 may be customized for each protection group 30 and/or for protection groups of different equipment types.

Referring to FIGURE 2, the rules 80 includes a protection requests hierarchy 82 and an equipment protection hierarchy 84. The requests hierarchy 82 includes an ascending hierarchy of request. In a particular embodiment, the request hierarchy 82 includes a highest priority of failure of protection, followed in order by lockout of protection, forced switch, failure of working and manual switch. In this embodiment, failure of protection is a failure of the protection card 34,

lockout of protection is a lockout by the network operator of the protection card 34, forced switch is a high priority manual switch by the network operator, failure of a working is a failure of a working tributary card 32 and manual switch is a low priority manual switch by the network operator. It will be understood that other or different types of requests may be included within the requests hierarchy 82 in that the requests types may be otherwise suitably prioritized.

10 The equipment hierarchy 84 defines the priority of the working tributary cards 32 in the protection group 30. In a particular embodiment, the tributary cards are prioritized based on a card number such as card 1 to card 6, channel reference number or other suitable reference or identifier. In this embodiment, the tributary cards 32 may be provisioned in order based on their priority. Alternatively, the tributary cards 32 may be provisioned and the protection order later defined in the equipment hierarchy 84.

20 FIGURE 3 illustrates the state memory 62 in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, the states of the working and protect tributary cards 32 and 34 are stored in a table 90. The table 90 includes a column for each working tributary card 32 and the protect card 34 and a row for each type of protection activity. For the finite state machine 60 of FIGURE 2, the protection activities are forced, lockout, manual and automatic. A forced activity is a high priority network operator initiated activity, a manual activity is a low priority network operation initiated activity, an automatic activity is a an activity generated automatically in response to a

hardware or other failure or alarm and a lockout activity is an activity preventing use of a card.

Referring to FIGURE 3, a bit is set in each entry 92 of the table 90 indicating the status of the corresponding card for the corresponding activity. In a particular embodiment, the bits are set to zero in the absence of the defined activity and set to 1 during the occurrence of the activity. It will be understood that the states of the working and protect cards 32 and 34 in the protection group 30 may be otherwise suitably stored in the protection controller 52 without departing from the scope of the present invention.

FIGURE 4 is a functional diagram illustrating input to and output from the finite state machine 60 in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, a network operator or other user 120 initiates user protection requests 122 for any of the working tributary card 32 and the protect card 34. The operator requests are received by the user interface 50, translated and passed to the protection controller 52 for evaluation.

The working or protect tributary cards 32 or 34 or other hardware 130 each generate automatic requests 132 in response to card failures, alarm conditions and/or other suitable events and/or conditions of the hardware 130. As used herein, the phrase in response to means performing the identified action directly or indirectly following the identified event. Thus, the action may occur immediately or substantially immediately upon the occurrence of the event or after another necessary or intervening event.

The finite state machine 60 receives the operator requests 122 and the automatic requests 132 and evaluates



the requests based on priority of the requests and priority of the equipment for which the requests is made to determine protection activity 140. The protection activity 140 is output by the finite state machine 60 to the hardware 130 for performance by the hardware. In this way, the protection activity is determined based on all of the operator and automatic request 122 and 132 to provide optimized protection for any state of the protection group 30.

FIGURE 5 illustrates a method for processing protection request for an 1:N protection group in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The method begins at step 150 in which a protection requests is generated. The requests may be generated by a network operator at a NMS or by hardware 130 in response to a failure, alarm condition or other suitable condition of the hardware.

Preceding to step 152, the requests is communicated to the protection controller 52. For operator, or user, initiative request, the request may be translated by the user interface 50 before being passed to the protection controller 52. Similarly, hardware initiated requests may be translated prior to transmission to the protection controller 52 if not in the native language of the controller 52.

At step 154, the request is evaluated based on a priority of the request and a priority of the equipment for which the request is generated. As described in more detail below, the request is evaluated by comparing the priority of the request and of the equipment to the priority of all other requests for the same or other equipment in the protection group 30. Next, at decisional step 156, the requests is activated if the

requests comprises the highest priority among outstanding requests or, if more than one request is at the same highest priority level, the request is for the highest priority equipment at that level. Thus, a currently  
5 activated, lower priority protection request will be deactivated. If the request is activated, the Yes branch of decisional step 156 leads to step 160 in which the requests is performed. At step 162, the initiator is notified of the action taken, or results of the request.

10 Returning to decisional step 156, if the requests is not activated, the No branch of decisional step 156 also leads to step 162 in which the initiator is notified of the result. Step 162 leads in the end of the process in which protection switching is provided based on the  
15 priority of the requests and the priority of the equipment to optimize protection switching in an 1:N or other suitable protection environment.

FIGURE 6 illustrates a method for monitoring an 1:N protection group and evaluating protection requests for  
20 the group in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The method begins at state 200 in which the protection group 30 is monitored by the finite state machine 60. In response to receipt of a protection request, state 200 transitions to step 202. At step 202,  
25 the state memory 62 of the protection group 30 is updated to reflect the request. The requests may be an activation request or a deactivation request.

Proceeding to decisional step 204, the finite state machine 60 determines whether any requests are  
30 outstanding. If no requests are outstanding, no further processing is required and the No branch of decisional step 204 returns to the monitor state 200. If one or more protection requests are or remain outstanding, the

Yes branch of decisional step 204 leads to decisional step 206.

At decisional step 206, the finite state machine 60 determines whether there are competing protection request  
5 for use of the protect card 32. If there is only one outstanding request, the No branch of decisional step 206 leads to step 208 in which the lone outstanding request is performed. Upon performance of the protection request, step 208 returns to monitoring state 200 such  
10 that protection status may be reevaluated in response to any further requests.

At decisional step 206, if there are competing requests, the Yes branch of decisional step 206 leads to step 210 in which the outstanding protection request  
15 having the highest priority is selected. In one embodiment, the highest priority requests is selected based on the requests hierarchy 82 in which a failure of protection has a higher priority than lockout of protection which has a higher priority than forced  
20 switch, which has a higher priority than failure of working, which has a higher priority than manual switch.

Next, at decisional step 212, the finite state machine 60 determines whether there are multiple requests at the highest priority. If only a single requests is of  
25 the highest priority, the No branch of decisional step 212 leads to step 214. At step 214, the selected highest priority protection requests is performed. Step 214 returns to monitor state 200 in which the finite state machine 60 continues to monitor the protection group 30  
30 for further request activity.

Returning to decisional step 212, if there are multiple requests at the highest priority, the Yes branch of decisional step 212 leads to step 216 in which the

requests for the highest priority equipment among the highest priority request is selected. At step 218, the selected requests is performed for the selected equipment. State 218 returns to state 200 in which the  
5 finite state machine 60 continues to monitor the protection group for further protection requests.

In this way, the order of protection down to the request type and the equipment level may be specified by the network operator and carried out by the finite state  
10 machine 60. The finite state machine 60 will terminate protection of a low priority request and/or equipment in favor of a higher priority request and/or equipment. In addition, in response to termination of the currently activated requests, the finite state machine 60 will  
15 determine the next higher priority request and/or equipment and provide protection for that requests and/or equipment. Thus, protection switching is optimized for the 1:N protection switching environment.

Although the present invention has been described  
20 with several embodiments, various changes and modifications may be suggested to one skilled in the art. It is intended that the present invention encompasses such changes and modifications that fall within the scope of the appended claims and their equivalents.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for protecting equipment in a network element, comprising:

5 receiving a protection request for a first equipment item;

receiving the protection request for a second equipment item;

determining a higher priority item between the first and second equipment items; and

10 performing the protection request for the higher priority item.

2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the equipment items comprise line interface cards.

15

3. The method of Claim 2, wherein line interface cards each comprise a plurality of single user connections.

20

4. The method of Claim 2, wherein the line connection interface cards each comprise only single user connections.

25 5. The method of Claim 2, wherein the line interface cards each comprise the plurality of DS-1 connections.

30 6. The method of Claim 2, further comprising determining the higher priority item based on an identifier of the line interface cards.

7. The method of Claim 1, further comprising:  
performing the protection request for the first  
equipment item in an absence of the protection request  
for the second equipment item;

5 determining the higher priority item in response to  
receiving the protection requests for the second  
equipment item; and

deactivating the protection request for the first  
equipment item in response to determining the second  
10 equipment item is the higher priority item.

8. The method of Claim 1, wherein the protection  
request comprises an activation request, further  
comprising determining the higher priority item in  
15 response to the activation request for the first and  
second equipment items.

9. The method of Claim 1, wherein the request is a  
first request, further comprising:

20 receiving a second request, the second request  
comprising a deactivation request for a disparate  
equipment item; and

determining the higher priority item for the first  
request in response to the deactivation request.

25

10. The method of Claim 1, further comprising  
receiving the protection request for at least one of the  
equipment items from a network operator.

30 11. The method of Claim 1, further comprising  
receiving the protection request for at least one of the  
equipment items automatically in response to failure of  
the equipment item.

12. The method of Claim 1, wherein the protection request is a first protection request, further comprising:

5 receiving a second protection request for a third equipment item;

determining a higher priority request between the first and second protection requests;

10 determining the higher priority item between the first and second equipment items if the first protection request is the higher priority request; and

performing the second protection request if it is the higher priority request.

13. A method for providing 1:N protection switching for equipment in a network element, comprising:

receiving a protection request for an equipment item;

5 evaluating a priority of the request and a priority of the equipment item relative to all other outstanding protection requests for equipment items in a protection group with the equipment item; and

performing a highest priority protection request for  
10 a highest priority equipment item.

14. The method of Claim 13, wherein the equipment items comprise line interface cards.

15 15. The method of Claim 14, wherein the line interface cards each comprise a plurality of single user connections.

16. The method of Claim 15, wherein the single user  
20 connections comprise DS-1 connections.

17. The method of Claim 13, wherein the priority of the equipment items are evaluated based on an identifier of the equipment items.

25



18. A system for providing protection switching for equipment in a network element, comprising:

an encoded medium;

logic encoded on the medium, the logic operable to  
5 receive a protection request for an equipment item,  
evaluate a priority of the request and a priority of the  
equipment item relative to all other outstanding  
protection requests for equipment items in a protection  
group with the equipment item and perform a highest  
10 priority protection request for a highest priority  
equipment item.

19. The system of Claim 18, wherein the equipment  
items in the protection group comprise line interface  
15 cards.

20. The system of Claim 19, wherein the line  
interface cards each comprise a plurality of single user  
connections.

20

21. The system of Claim 20, wherein the single user  
connections comprise DS-1 connections.

22. The system of Claim 18, wherein the priority of  
25 the equipment items are evaluated based on identifiers of  
the equipment items.

23. A system for providing protection switching for equipment in a network element, comprising:

means for receiving a protection request for an equipment item;

5 means for evaluating a priority of the request and a priority of the equipment item relative to all other outstanding protection requests for equipment items in a protection group with the equipment item; and

10 means for performing a highest priority protection request for a highest priority equipment item.

24. The system of Claim 23, wherein the equipment items in the protection group comprise line interface cards.

15

25. The system of Claim 24, wherein the line interface cards each comprise a plurality of single user connections.

20

26. The system of Claim 25, wherein the single user connections comprise a plurality of DS-1 connections.

27. A network element for a telecommunications system; comprising:

5 a protection group including a plurality of working line interface cards and a protection line interface card;

a protection controller operable to store a state of each working and protection line interface card in the protection group; and

10 a finite state machine operable to activate a highest priority protection request for a highest priority equipment item between all outstanding protection requests for equipment items in the protection group based on the states of the working and protection line interface cards.

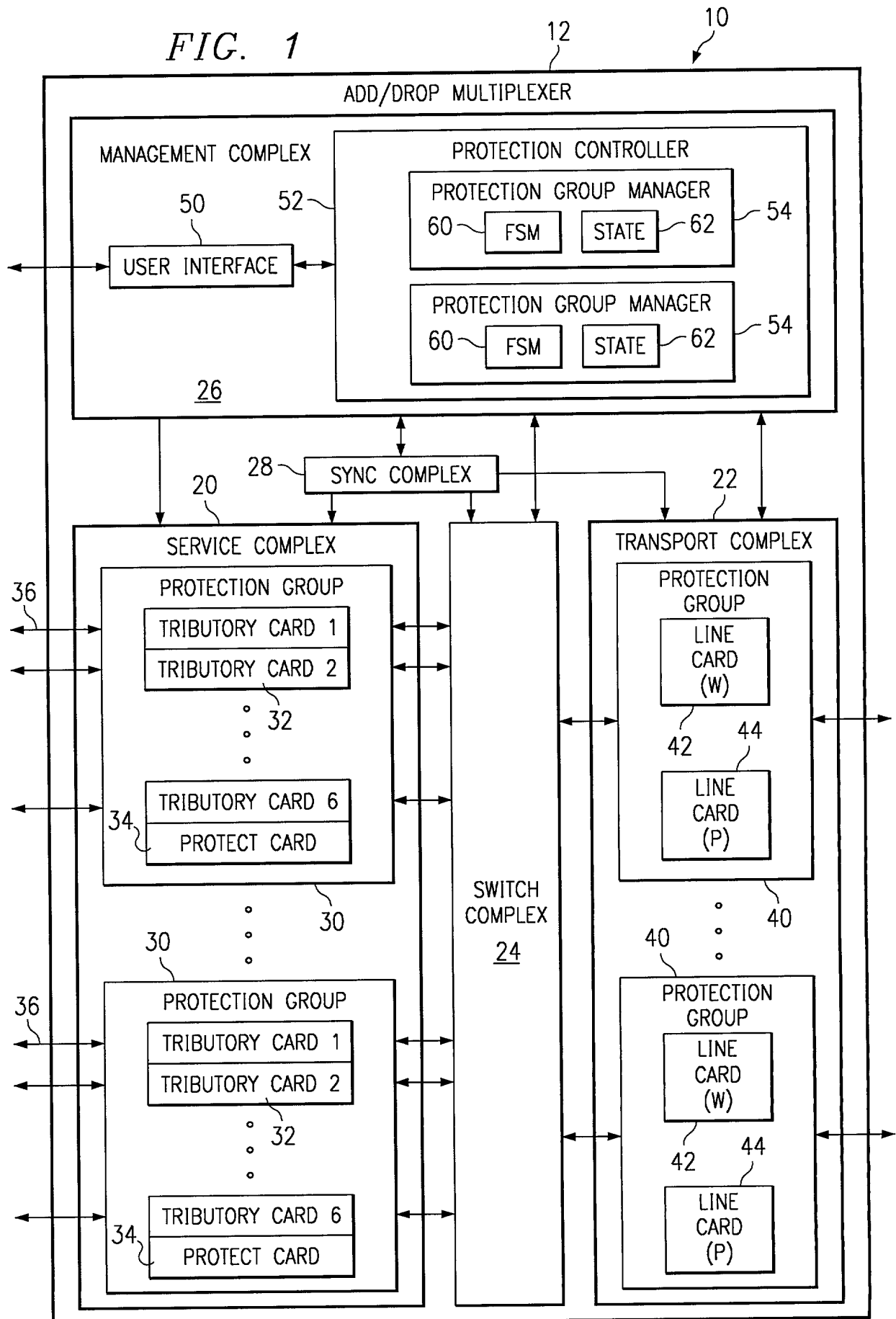
15

PROTECTION METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR  
EQUIPMENT IN A NETWORK ELEMENT

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A protection method and system for equipment in a network element receives a protection request for an equipment item. A priority of the request and a priority  
5 of the equipment item is evaluated relative to all other outstanding protection requests for equipment items in a protection group with the equipment item. A highest priority protection request for a highest priority  
10 equipment item is performed.

FIG. 1





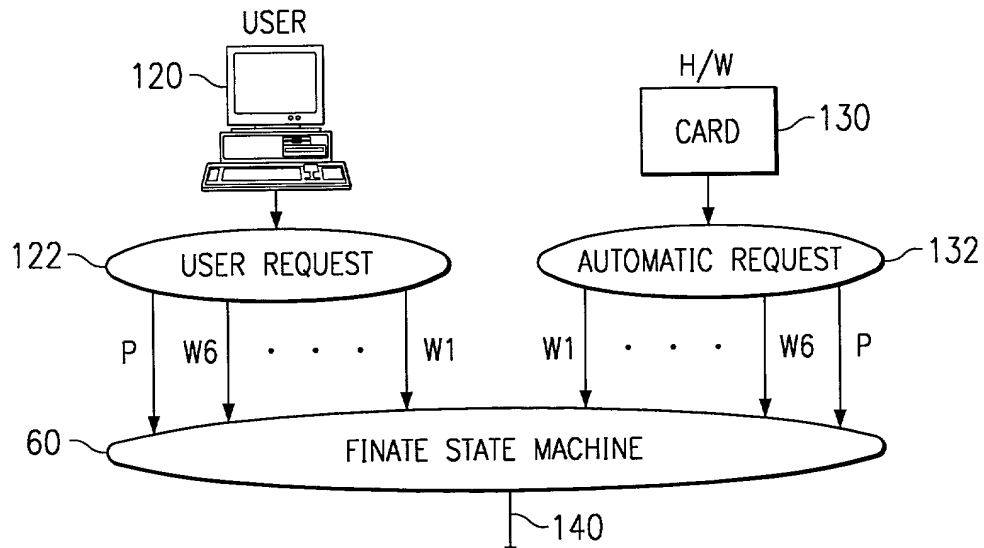


FIG. 4

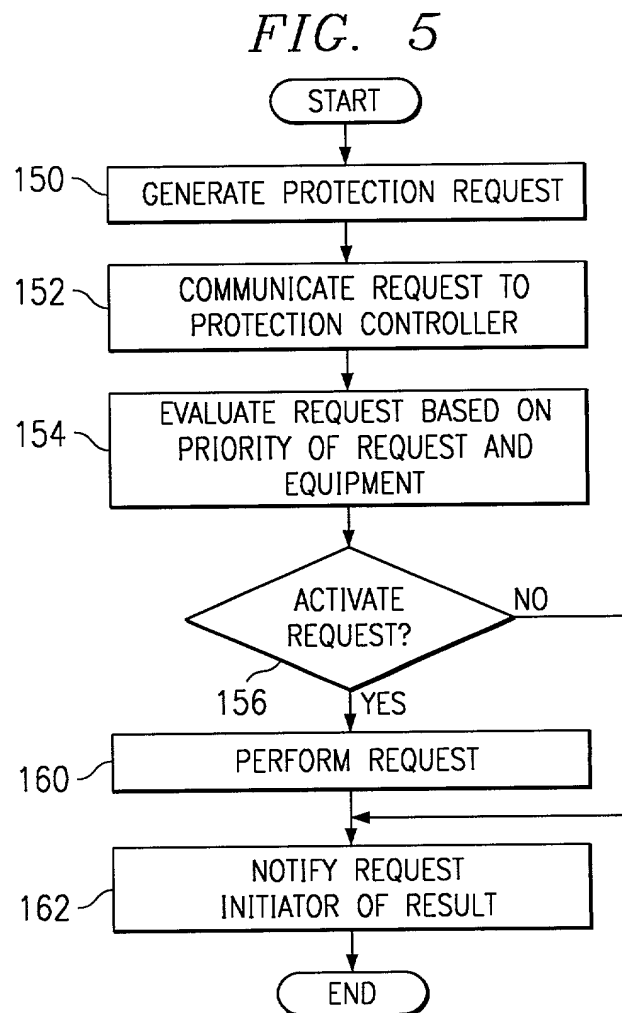
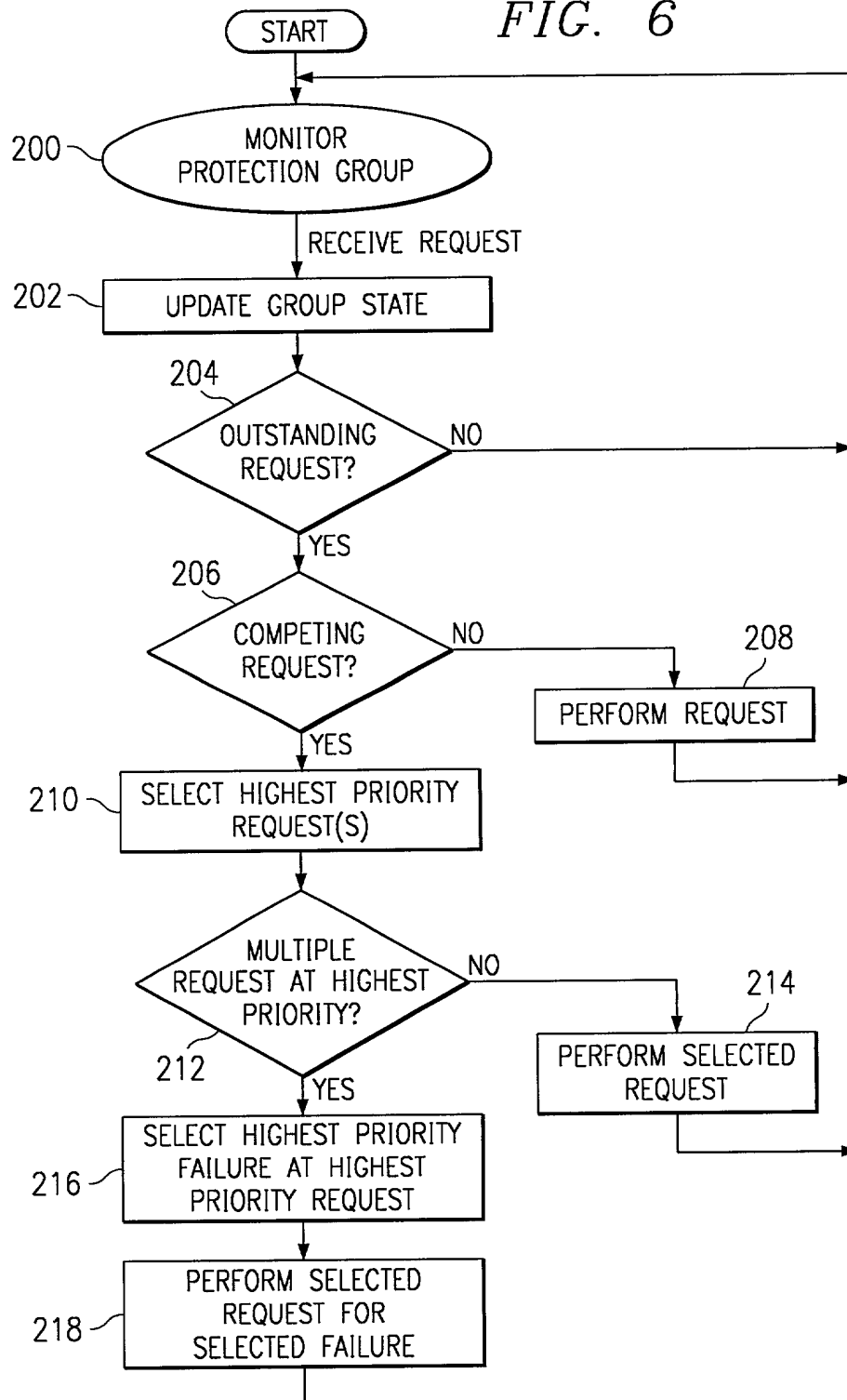


FIG. 5

FIG. 6





DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that I believe I am the original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention or design entitled PROTECTION METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR EQUIPMENT IN A NETWORK ELEMENT, the specification of which (check one):

  X   is attached hereto; or  
           was filed on            as Application Serial No.            and was  
amended on                                    (if applicable);

that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; and that I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Number</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Date Filed</u>	<u>Priority Claimed (Yes) (No)</u>
-----NONE-----			

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u>Application</u> <u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Date Filed</u>	<u>Status</u>
--	-------------------	---------------

-----NONE-----

I hereby appoint:

Jerry W. Mills	Reg. No. 23,005
Robert M. Chiaviello, Jr.	Reg. No. 32,461
Ann C. Livingston	Reg. No. 32,479
Thomas R. Felger	Reg. No. 28,842
Charles S. Fish	Reg. No. 35,870
Kevin J. Meek	Reg. No. 33,738
T. Murray Smith	Reg. No. 30,222
Barton E. Showalter	Reg. No. 38,302
David G. Wille	Reg. No. 38,363
Bradley P. Williams	Reg. No. 40,227
Terry J. Stalford	Reg. No. 39,522
Christopher W. Kennerly	Reg. No. 40,675
Harold E. Meier	Reg. No. 22,428
Douglas M. Kubehl	Reg. No. 41,915
Samir A. Bhavsar	Reg. No. 41,617
Thomas R. Nesbitt, Jr.	Reg. No. 22,075
James J. Maune	Reg. No. 26,946
Roger J. Fulghum	Reg. No. 39,678
Rodger L. Tate	Reg. No. 27,399
Scott F. Partridge	Reg. No. 28,142
James B. Arpin	Reg. No. 33,470
James Remenick	Reg. No. 36,902
Jay B. Johnson	Reg. No. 38,193
Robert W. Holland	Reg. No. 40,020
Floyd B. Chapman	Reg. No. 40,555
Robert A. King	Reg. No. 42,738
James L. Baudino	Reg. No. 43,486
Tara D. Knapp	Reg. No. 43,723
William R. Borchers	Reg. No. 44,549
Brian W. Oaks	Reg. No. 44,981
Luke K. Pedersen	Reg. No. 45,003
Matthew B. Talpis	Reg. No. 45,152
David M. Doyle	Reg. No. 43,596
Keiko Ichiye	Reg. No. 45,460
Jeffery D. Baxter	Reg. No. 45,560
Thomas A. Beaton	Reg. No. P46,543
Kurt M. Pankratz	Reg. No. P46,977
Brian E. Szymczak	Reg. No. P47,120

Patent Agents:

Brian A. Dietzel

Reg. No. 44,656

Kevin R. Imes

Reg. No. 44,795

all of the firm of Baker Botts L.L.P., my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and to file and prosecute any international patent applications filed thereon before any international authorities under the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

Send Correspondence To:

Baker Botts L.L.P.  
2001 Ross Avenue  
Dallas, Texas 75201-2980

Direct Telephone Calls To:

Terry J. Stalford  
at 214.953.6477  
Attorney Docket No. 064731.0179

I declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Full name of the first inventor

Raghu (nmi) Rajan

Inventor's signature

\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_

Residence (City, County, State)

Dallas, Collin County, Texas

Citizenship

India

Post Office Address

17817 Coit Road, #8103  
Dallas, Texas 75252

Full name of additional joint inventor, if any

Danny (nmi) Dharamraj

Inventor's signature

\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_

Residence (City, County, State)

McKinney, Collin County, Texas

Citizenship

Canada

Post Office Address

4202 Honeysuckle Drive  
McKinney, Texas 75070